

A Science Service Publication Volume 124, No. 5, July 30, 1983

E.G. Sherburne Jr. Joel Greenberg Dietrick E. Thomsen

Joanne Silberner

Judy Klein

Publisher Editor Senior Editor/ Physical Sciences Managing Editor Production/Design Director

Wray Herbert Joan Arehart-Treichel Linda Garmon Cheryl Simon Julie Ann Miller Janet Raloff, Ivars Peterson

Behavioral Sciences Biomedicine Chemistry Earth Sciences Life Sciences Policy/Technology Space Sciences

Wendy McCarren
Penny D. Sackett
Sarah Steinberg

Jonathan Eberhart

Assistant to the Editor Science Writer Interns

Jane M. Livermore
Donald R. Harless

Books Business Manager

Scherago Associates Advertising Fred Dieffenbach, Sales Director 1515 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10036

Copyright * 1983 by Science Service, Inc., Editorial and Business Offices, 1719 N St., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036. Republication of any portion of SCIENCE NEWS without written permission of the publisher is prohibited.

Subscription Department 231 West Center Street, Marion, Ohio 43302

Subscription rate: 1 yr., \$27.50; 2 yrs., \$47.50; 3 yrs., \$67.00. (Foreign postage \$5.00 additional per year.) Change of address: Four to six weeks' notice is required. Please state exactly how magazine is to be addressed. Include zip code. For new subscriptions only call (1) 800-247-2160. Printed in U.S.A. Second class postage paid at Washington, D.C. Title registered as trademark U.S. and Canadian Patent Offices. Published every Saturday by SCIENCE SERVICE, Inc. 1719 N St., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036. (202-785-2255) ISSN 0036-8423

This Week

Panda Troubles: Zoo Newborn Dies; Chinese Bamboo Blooms

'Wy-oo-lee' rubber doubler discovered
 Embryo transfers achieved in humans
 Fragile sites may raise cancer risk

70 Radiofrequency radiation: Deciding what is a safe exposure

70 Claw leads to discovery of 'new' dinosaur

70 Divesting a hormone of its secrets71 Stanford Linear Collider funded

72 Consensus and controversy at NAS acid rain round table

73 Do deaf children show language learning bias?

Research Notes

74 Biomedicine74 Energy

75 Behavior75 Astronomy

SCIENCE NEVS

Articles

76 Pathways to Chaos

Cover: Just as electrical activity in the human brain can suddenly become disordered during an epileptic seizure (as shown in the brain-wave trace), computers may also suffer similar "convulsions." Mathematical concepts of "chaos" seem to link these and other situations in which well-ordered systems shift into irregular, chaotic behavior. (Brain waves used in composite illustration reprinted by permission of Perigee Books, from The Brain: A User's Manual by The Diagram Group, © 1982 by Diagram Visual Information)

Departments

67 Letters 78 Books

Science Service Institution for the public understanding of science founded 1921; a nonprofit corporation. Board of Trustees — *President*, Glenn T. Seaborg; *Vice President*, Gerald F. Tape; *Treasurer*, Willis Harlow Shapley; *Secretary*, Julius Duscha; Joseph W. Berg Jr.; Edward Bliss Jr.; Bowen C. Dees; David A. Goslin; Milton Harris; Hilleary F. Hoskinson; Elizabeth F. Neufeld; O.W. Riegel; H. Guyford Stever; John Troan; Deborah P. Wolfe

Director: E. G. Sherburne Jr.; Assistant Director: Dorothy Schriver; Business Manager: Donald R. Harless.

Letters

Edifying thoughts

While I am as appalled as anyone at the poor science and math schooling—I will not dignify it by calling it education — our children are receiving, I must take issue with some of the priorities expressed by Andrew Gleason, et al. ("Math Education — Does It Have the Right Stuff?" SN: 5/28/83, p. 346).

Teaching "...when to multiply, not how to multiply" will merely shift deficiencies, not eliminate them. Neglecting fundamentals never improved anyone's education, even if other fundamental skills are taught in their stead. Teach all fundamentals, not just one instead of the other. Until basic skills of all sorts are effectively taught, increasing classroom time will accomplish nothing, except more schooling in drivel.

People's attitude toward numeracy is a still more basic problem, and was not addressed at all. I frequently hear people say "Oh, I'm terrible at math!" not regretfully, but with a sort of pride. Ditto with most other sciences, especially the

"hard" sciences. Until attitudes like that are eliminated we will not have any math or science education worthy of the name....

K. A. Boriskin Framingham, Mass. lems are more in attitudes and values than in content.

Don Beattie Detroit, Mich.

... Nowhere in the articles (on public education) do I see a large sampling of math teachers' observations, only thoughts by study committees, college personnel or school administrators—all well removed from the "front line." As a high school math teacher for 17 years, during the declining test score era, I have observed the following: a drastic increase in student absenteeism, administrative attitudinal change from role of team leader to that of adversary, increase in student and parent apathy, increase in student discipline problems, less personal responsibility by students, ... impairment due to drugs, increased ... student passivity..., textbook shift to greater theory and more reading..., more students entering high school with reduced basic skill proficiency.

While all avenues for improvement should be pursued I can't help but believe the root prob-

Corrections:

In "The Longest Day" (SN: 7/9/83, p. 21), the sentence "In 1972... the time for the earth to complete one turn on its axis was decreasing by four-thousandths of a second every day" should have said increasing. While the rate of rotation is decreasing, the time for a complete rotation is increasing.

The photo of sky glow over San Diego (SN: 7/23/83, p. 58) should have been credited to the California Institute of Technology.

In "Marine Fossils Hint Antarctic Ice Cycles" (SN: 7/2/83, p. 6), rocks containing marine microfossils were scraped from the ocean basin and carried up the Transantarctic Mountains by an advancing, rather than receding, ice sheet. When the ice began to shrink, the rocks were left behind.

JULY 30, 1983 67